

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 1017

January Session, 2021

LCO No. 3542



Referred to Committee on GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION AND ELECTIONS

Introduced by: (GAE)

AN ACT CONCERNING ELECTION ADMINISTRATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 9-140b of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1,
- 3 2021):
- 4 (c) (1) For purposes of this section, "mailed" means (A) sent by the
- 5 United States Postal Service or any commercial carrier, courier or
- 6 messenger service recognized and approved by the Secretary of the
- 7 State, or (B) [for the state election in 2020,] deposited in a secure drop
- 8 box designated by the municipal clerk for such purpose, in accordance
- 9 with instructions prescribed by the Secretary.
- 10 (2) In the case of absentee ballots mailed under subparagraph (B) of
- subdivision (1) of this subsection, beginning on the twenty-ninth day
- before [the state election in 2020] an election, the nineteenth day before
- 13 a primary or the tenth day before a referendum, as applicable, and on
- 14 each weekday thereafter until the close of the polls, the municipal clerk

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shall **[**(A)**]** retrieve from the secure drop box described in said subparagraph each such ballot deposited in such drop box. **[**, and (B) if the drop box is located outside a building other than the building where the clerk's office is located, arrange for the clerk or the clerk's designee to be escorted by a police officer during such retrieval.]Sec. 2. Section 9-453e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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Each circulator of a nominating petition page shall be a United States citizen [,] and at least eighteen years of age, [and a resident of a town in this state] and shall not be on parole for conviction of a felony. Any individual proposed as a candidate in any nominating petition may serve as circulator of the pages of such nominating petition.

Sec. 3. Section 9-453j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Each page of a nominating petition submitted to the town clerk or the Secretary of the State and filed with the Secretary of the State under the provisions of sections 9-453a to 9-453s, inclusive, or section 9-216 shall contain a statement as to the residency [in this state] and eligibility of the circulator and as to the authenticity of the signatures thereon, signed under [penalties] penalty of false statement, by the person who circulated the same. Such statement shall set forth (1) [such] the circulator's residence address, including the town [in this state] in which [such] the circulator is a resident, (2) if the circulator is not a resident in this state, that the circulator agrees to submit to the jurisdiction of the state in any case or controversy arising out of or related to the circulation of a petition pursuant to this subpart, (3) the circulator's date of birth and that the circulator is at least eighteen years of age, [(3)] (4) that the circulator is a United States citizen and not on parole for conviction of a felony, and [(4)] (5) that each person whose name appears on such page signed the same in person in the presence of [such] the circulator and that either the circulator knows each such signer or that the signer satisfactorily identified himself or herself to the circulator. Any false statement committed with respect to such statement shall be deemed to

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48 have been committed in the town in which the petition was circulated.

49 Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 9-453k of the general statutes is 50 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 51 passage):

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- (a) The town clerk or Secretary of the State shall not accept any page of a nominating petition unless the circulator thereof has signed before [him] the clerk, the Secretary or an appropriate person as provided in section 1-29, the statement as to the residency [in this state] and eligibility of the circulator and <u>as to the</u> authenticity of the signatures thereon required by section 9-453j, as amended by this act.
- 58 Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 9-4530 of the general statutes is 59 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 60 passage):
 - (a) The Secretary of the State may not count for purposes of determining compliance with the number of signatures required by section 9-453d the signatures certified by the town clerk on any petition page filed under sections 9-453a to 9-453s, inclusive, or 9-216 if: (1) The name of the candidate, [his] the candidate's address or the party designation, if any, has been omitted from the face of the petition; (2) the page does not contain a statement by the circulator as to the residency [in this state] and eligibility of the circulator and <u>as to the</u> authenticity of the signatures thereon as required by section 9-453j, as amended by this act, or upon which such statement of the circulator is incomplete in any respect; or (3) the page does not contain the certifications required by sections 9-453a to 9-453s, inclusive, by the town clerk of the town in which the signers reside. The town clerk shall cure any omission on his or her part by signing any such page at the office of the Secretary of the State and making the necessary amendment or by filing a separate statement in this regard, which amendment shall be dated.
- 77 Sec. 6. Subsection (d) of section 9-404b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 79 passage):

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(d) [Each] Any person qualified to vote under the laws of any state or territory of the United States may be a circulator of a primary petition page [shall be] if such person (1) is an enrolled party member of a municipality in this state, [. Each] or (2) agrees to submit to the jurisdiction of this state in any case or controversy arising out of or related to the circulation of a primary petition. For any circulator described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, each petition page shall contain a statement signed by the registrar of voters of the municipality in which the circulator is an enrolled party member attesting that the circulator is an enrolled party member in the municipality. For any circulator described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, each petition page shall contain a statement signed by such circulator that he or she agrees to submit to the jurisdiction of this state in any case or controversy arising out of or related to the circulation of a primary petition, which signed statement shall be attested to by the registrar of voters of the municipality in which such page was circulated. Unless such a statement by the registrar [of voters] appears on each page so submitted, the Secretary shall reject the page. Each separate page of the petition shall contain a statement as to the authenticity of the signatures on the page and the number of such signatures, and shall be signed under the [penalties] penalty of false statement by the person who circulated the page, setting forth the circulator's address and the town in which the circulator is an enrolled party member and attesting that each person whose name appears on the page signed the petition in person in the presence of the circulator, that the circulator either knows each such signer or that the signer satisfactorily identified himself or herself to the circulator and that the spaces for candidates supported, offices sought and the political party involved were filled in prior to the obtaining of the signatures. Each separate page of the petition shall also be acknowledged before an appropriate person as provided in section 1-29. The Secretary shall reject any page of a petition filed with the Secretary which does not contain such a statement by the circulator as to the authenticity of the signatures on the page, or upon which the statement of the circulator is incomplete in any respect, or which does not contain the certification required under this section by the registrar

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of the town in which the circulator is an enrolled party member. Any individual proposed as a candidate in any primary petition may serve as a circulator of the pages of the petition, provided the individual's service as circulator does not violate any provision of this section.

Sec. 7. Subsection (c) of section 9-410 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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(c) [Each] Any person qualified to vote under the laws of any state or territory of the United States may be a circulator of a primary petition page [shall be] if such person (1) is an enrolled party member of a municipality in this state, [who is entitled to vote. Each] or (2) agrees to submit to the jurisdiction of this state in any case or controversy arising out of or related to the circulation of a primary petition. For any circulator described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, each petition page shall contain a statement signed by the registrar of voters of the municipality in which such circulator is an enrolled party member attesting that the circulator is an enrolled party member in such municipality. For any circulator described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, each petition page shall contain a statement signed by such circulator that he or she agrees to submit to the jurisdiction of this state in any case or controversy arising out of or related to the circulation of a primary petition, which signed statement shall be attested to by the registrar of voters of the municipality in which such page was circulated. Unless such a statement by the registrar appears on each page so submitted, the registrar shall reject such page. No candidate for the nomination of a party for a municipal office or the position of town committee member shall circulate any petition for another candidate or another group of candidates contained in one primary petition for the nomination of such party for the same office or position, and any petition page circulated in violation of this provision shall be rejected by the registrar. No person shall circulate petitions for more than the maximum number of candidates to be nominated by a party for the same office or position, and any petition page circulated in violation of this provision shall be rejected by the registrar. Each separate sheet of

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such petition shall contain a statement as to the authenticity of the signatures thereon and the number of such signatures, and shall be signed under the penalties of false statement by the person who circulated the same, setting forth such circulator's address and the town in which such circulator is an enrolled party member and attesting that each person whose name appears on such sheet signed the same in person in the presence of such circulator, that the circulator either knows each such signer or that the signer satisfactorily identified the signer to the circulator and that the spaces for candidates supported, offices or positions sought and the political party involved were filled in prior to the obtaining of the signatures. Each separate sheet of such petition shall also be acknowledged before an appropriate person as provided in section 1-29. Any sheet of a petition filed with the registrar which does not contain such a statement by the circulator as to the authenticity of the signatures thereon, or upon which the statement of the circulator is incomplete in any respect, or which does not contain the certification hereinbefore required by the registrar of the town in which the circulator is an enrolled party member, shall be rejected by the registrar. Any individual proposed as a candidate in any primary petition may serve as a circulator of the pages of such petition, provided such individual's service as circulator does not violate any provision of this section.

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- 171 Sec. 8. Section 9-450 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) Nominations by major parties for any state, district or municipal office to be filled under the provisions of any law relating to elections to fill vacancies, unless otherwise provided therein, shall be made in accordance with the provisions of sections 9-382 to 9-450, inclusive.
 - (b) (1) [(A)] In the case of nominations for representatives in Congress and judges of probate in probate districts composed of two or more towns, provided for in sections 9-212, as amended by this act, and 9-218, as amended by this act, the delegates to the convention for the last state election shall be the delegates for the purpose of selecting a candidate to

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fill such vacancy. If a vacancy occurs in the delegation from any town, political subdivision or district, such vacancy may be filled by the town committee of the town in which the delegate resided. Endorsements by political party conventions pursuant to this subsection may be made and certified at any time after the resignation or death creating such vacancy and not later than the fiftieth day before the day of the election. No such endorsement shall be effective until the presiding officer or secretary of any district convention has certified the endorsement to the Secretary of the State.

[(B)] (2) If such a vacancy occurs between the one hundred twenty-fifth day and the sixty-third day before the day of a regular state or municipal election in November of any year, no primary shall be held for the nomination of any political party and the party-endorsed candidate so selected shall be deemed, for the purposes of this chapter, the person certified by the Secretary of the State pursuant to section 9-444 as the nominee of such party.

[(C)] (3) Except as provided in [subparagraph (B) of this] subdivision (2) of this subsection, if a candidacy for nomination is filed by or on behalf of any person other than a party-endorsed candidate not later than [fourteen days] the day after the party endorsement and in conformity with the provisions of section 9-400, as amended by this act, a primary shall be held in each municipality of the district and each part of a municipality which is a component part of the district, to determine the nominee of such party for such office, except as provided in section 9-416a. Such primary shall be held on the day that the writs of election issued by the Governor, pursuant to section 9-212, as amended by this act, ordered the election to be held, and new writs of election shall be issued by the Governor in accordance with section 9-212, as amended by this act.

[(D)] (4) Unless the provisions of [subparagraph (B) of this] subdivision (2) of this subsection apply, petition forms for candidacies for nomination by a political party pursuant to this subdivision shall be available from the Secretary of the State beginning on the day following

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215 the issuance of writs of election by the Governor pursuant to section 9-

- 216 212, as amended by this act, except when a primary has already been
- 217 held, and the provisions of section 9-404a shall otherwise apply to such
- 218 petitions.
- [(E)] (5) The registry lists used pursuant to this subsection shall be the
- last-completed lists, as provided in sections 9-172a and 9-172b.
- [(2)] (c) In the case of judges of probate in probate districts composed
- of a single town, the day named for the election shall be not earlier than
- the one hundred fifteenth day following the day on which the writ of
- election is issued, and the times specified in sections 9-391, 9-405 and 9-
- 225 423 shall be applicable.
- [(3) (A)] (d) (1) In the case of nominations for senators in Congress
- provided for in section 9-211, as amended by this act, the delegates to
- 228 the convention for the last state election shall be the delegates for the
- 229 purpose of selecting a candidate to fill such vacancy. If a vacancy occurs
- 230 in the delegation from any town or political subdivision, such vacancy
- 231 may be filled by the town committee of the town in which the delegate
- 232 resided. Endorsements by political party conventions pursuant to this
- 233 subsection may be made and certified at any time after the resignation
- or death creating such vacancy and not later than the fifty-sixth day
- before the day of the primary. No such endorsement shall be effective
- until the presiding officer or secretary of any state convention has
- 237 certified the endorsement to the Secretary of the State.
- [(B)] (2) If such a vacancy occurs between the one hundred twenty-
- 239 fifth day and the sixty-third day before the day of a regular state or
- 240 municipal election in November of any year, no primary shall be held
- 241 for the nomination of any political party and the party-endorsed
- 242 candidate so selected shall be deemed, for the purposes of this chapter,
- 243 the person certified by the Secretary of the State, pursuant to section 9-
- 244 444, as the nominee of such party. In such an event, endorsements by
- 245 political party conventions shall be made not later than sixty days prior
- 246 to the election.

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[(C)] (3) Except as provided in [subparagraph (B) of this] subdivision (2) of this subsection, if a candidacy for nomination is filed by or on behalf of any person other than a party-endorsed candidate not later than [fourteen days] the day after the party endorsement and in conformity with the provisions of section 9-400, as amended by this act, a primary shall be held on the fifty-sixth day prior to the day of the election in each municipality to determine the nominee of such party for such office, except as provided in section 9-416a.

- [(D)] (4) Unless the provisions of [subparagraph (B) of this] subdivision (2) of this subsection apply, petition forms for candidacies for nomination by a political party pursuant to this subdivision shall be available from the Secretary of the State beginning on the day following the issuance of writs of election by the Governor, pursuant to section 9-211, as amended by this act, except when a primary has already been held and the provisions of section 9-404a shall otherwise apply to such petitions.
- [(E)] (5) The registry lists used pursuant to this subsection shall be the last-completed lists, as provided in sections 9-172a and 9-172b.
 - [(4)] (e) The times specified in sections 9-391, 9-405 and 9-423 shall be applicable to any special town election held to fill a vacancy in any town office under subsection (b) of section 9-164. Except as provided under subsection (c) of section 9-164, any election held to fill a vacancy in any municipal office under the provisions of any special act shall be held not earlier than the one hundred twenty-seventh day following the day upon which warning of such election is issued, and the times specified in sections 9-391, 9-405 and 9-423 shall be applicable.
 - Sec. 9. Subsection (a) of section 9-212 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) In case of a vacancy in the office of representative in Congress from any district, the Governor, except as otherwise provided by law, shall not more than ten days after the occurrence of such vacancy issue

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writs of election directed to the town clerks or assistant town clerks, in such district, ordering an election to be held on the sixtieth day after the issue of such writs on a day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, to fill such vacancy, provided (1) if such a vacancy occurs between the one hundred twenty-fifth day and the sixty-third day before the day of a regular state or municipal election in November of any year, the Governor shall so issue such writs on the sixtieth day before the day of such regular election, ordering an election to be held on the day of such regular election, (2) if such a vacancy occurs after the sixty-third day before the day of a regular state election but before the regular state election, the Governor shall not issue such writs and no election shall be held under this section, unless the position vacated is that of member-elect, in which case the Governor shall issue such writs and an election shall be held as provided in this section, and (3) if a primary for such office occurs pursuant to [subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1)] subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of section 9-450, as amended by this act, the Governor shall, within ten days following the filing of a candidacy for nomination by a person other than the party-endorsed candidate, issue new writs of election, in place of those first issued pursuant to this section.

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Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Secretary of the State shall develop and implement a system or systems through which the Secretary may permit any person to submit an electronic signature for the purpose of signing any form or application to be filed pursuant to chapters 141 to 154, inclusive, of the general statutes. The Secretary may include in, or exclude from, such system any such form or application. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any such form or application on which any such electronic signature appears shall be deemed to have been signed in the original.

(b) A state agency, upon the request of the Secretary of the State, shall provide any information to the Secretary that the Secretary deems necessary to maintain the system or systems described in subsection (a) of this section. The Secretary shall not use the information obtained from any state agency except for the purpose of allowing any person to sign any form or application to be filed pursuant to chapters 141 to 154,

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- 313 inclusive, of the general statutes.
- Sec. 11. Subsection (a) of section 9-320f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 317 (a) Not earlier than the fifteenth day after any election or primary and 318 not later than two business days before the canvass of votes by the 319 Secretary of the State, Treasurer and Comptroller, for any federal or 320 state election or primary, or by the town clerk for any municipal election 321 or primary, the registrars of voters shall conduct a manual audit or, for 322 an election or primary held on or after January 1, 2016, an electronic 323 audit authorized under section 9-320g of the votes recorded in not less 324 than five per cent of the voting districts in the state, district or 325 municipality, whichever is applicable, except that, for the purposes of 326 this section, any central location used in a municipality for the counting 327 of absentee ballots shall be deemed a voting district. Such manual or 328 electronic audit shall be noticed in advance and be open to public 329 observation. Any election official who participates in the administration 330 and conduct of an audit pursuant to this section shall be compensated 331 by the municipality at the standard rate of pay established by such 332 municipality for elections or primaries, as the case may be.
- Sec. 12. Section 9-159q of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) As used in this section:

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- (1) "Institution" means a veterans' health care facility, residential care home, health care facility for the handicapped, nursing home, rest home, mental health facility, alcohol or drug treatment facility, an infirmary operated by an educational institution for the care of its students, faculty and employees or an assisted living facility; and
- (2) "Designee" means an elector of the same town and political party as the appointing registrar of voters, which elector is not an employee of the institution at which supervised voting is conducted.

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(b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, [to the contrary,] if less than twenty of the patients in any institution in the state are electors, absentee ballots voted by such electors shall, upon request of either registrar of voters in the town of such electors' voting residence or the administrator of such institution, be voted under the supervision of such registrars of voters or their designees in accordance with the provisions of this section. The registrars of voters of a town other than the town in which an institution is located may refuse a request by the administrator of such institution when, in their written opinion, the registrars agree that such request is unnecessary, in which case this section shall not apply. Such registrars shall inform the administrator and the town clerk of the electors' town of voting residence of their refusal.

- (c) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, such request shall be made in writing and filed with the town clerk and registrars of voters of the town of such electors' voting residence, not more than forty-five days prior to an election or thirty-four days prior to a primary and not later than the seventh day prior to an election or primary. The request shall specify the name and location of the institution and the date and time when the registrars of voters or their designees shall supervise the casting of absentee ballots at the institution. The request shall also specify one or more alternate dates and times when supervised voting may occur. No request shall specify a date or an alternate date for supervised voting which is later than the last business day before the election or primary.
- (d) The town clerk shall not mail or otherwise deliver an absentee ballot to an applicant who is a patient in any institution if a request for supervision of absentee balloting at that institution has been filed with the clerk during the period set forth in subsection (c) of this section. The clerk shall instead deliver such ballot or ballots to the registrars of voters or their designees who will supervise the voting of such ballots in accordance with this section.
 - (e) Except in the case of a written refusal as provided in subsection

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(b) of this section, upon receipt of a request for supervision of absentee balloting during the period set forth in subsection (c) of this section, the registrar or registrars of voters who received the request shall inform the registrar or administrator who made the request and the town clerk as to the date and time when such supervision shall occur, which shall be the date and time contained in the request or the alternate date and time contained in the request. If the registrar or registrars fail to select either date, the supervision shall take place on the date and time contained in the request. If a request for supervision of absentee balloting at an institution is filed during the period set forth in subsection (c) of this section and the town clerk receives an application for an absentee ballot from a patient in the institution after the date when supervised balloting occurred, either registrar of voters may request, in writing, to the appropriate town clerk and registrars of voters that the supervision of the voting of absentee ballots at such institution in accordance with this section be repeated, and in such case the registrars or their designees shall supervise absentee balloting at such institution on the date and at the time specified in the subsequent request, which shall be not later than the last business day before the election or primary.

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- (f) On the date when the supervision of absentee balloting at any institution is to occur, the town clerk shall deliver to the registrars or their designees the absentee ballots and envelopes for all applicants who are electors of such clerk's town and patients at such institution. The ballot and envelopes shall be prepared for delivery to the applicant as provided in sections 9-137 to 9-140a, inclusive. The registrars or their designees shall furnish the town clerk a written receipt for such ballots.
- (g) The registrars or their designees, as the case may be, shall jointly deliver the ballots to the respective applicants at the institution and shall jointly supervise the voting of such ballots. The ballots shall be returned to the registrars or their designees by the electors in the envelopes provided and in accordance with the provisions of sections 9-137, 9-139 and 9-140a. If any elector asks for assistance in voting his ballot, two registrars or their designees of different political parties or, for a

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primary, their designees of different candidates, shall render such assistance as they deem necessary and appropriate to enable such elector to vote his ballot. The registrars or their designees may reject a ballot when (1) the elector declines to vote a ballot, or (2) the registrars or their designees are unable to determine how the elector who has requested their assistance desires to vote the ballot. When the registrars or their designees reject a ballot, they shall mark the serially-numbered outer envelope "rejected" and note the reasons for rejection. Nothing in this section shall limit the right of an elector to vote his ballot in secret.

- (h) After all ballots have been voted or marked "rejected" in accordance with subsection (g) of this section, the registrars or their designees shall jointly deliver or mail them in the envelopes, which shall be sealed, to the appropriate town clerk, who shall retain them until delivered in accordance with section 9-140c.
- (i) When an institution is located in a town having a primary, the registrar in that town of the party holding the primary shall appoint for each such institution, one designee of the party-endorsed candidates and one designee of the contestants from the lists, if any, submitted by the party-endorsed candidates and contestants. Such registrar shall notify all party-endorsed candidates and all contestants of their right to submit a list of potential designees under this section. Each party-endorsed candidate and each contestant may submit to such registrar in writing a list of names of potential designees, provided any such list shall be submitted not later than ten days before the primary. If no such lists are submitted within said period, such registrar shall appoint one designee of the party-endorsed candidates and one designee of the contestants. Each designee appointed pursuant to this section shall be sworn to the faithful performance of his duties, and the registrar shall file a certificate of each designation with his town clerk.
- (j) Any registrar of voters who has filed a request that the absentee balloting at an institution be supervised and any registrar required to conduct a supervision of voting under this section, who neglects to perform any of the duties required of him by this section so as to cause

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any elector to lose his vote shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any registrar from the same town as a registrar who has filed such a request may waive his right to participate in the supervision of absentee balloting.

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- (k) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, [to the contrary,] if the spouse or a child of a registrar of voters or a dependent relative residing in the registrar's household is a candidate in the election or primary for which supervised absentee voting is to occur, such registrar shall not supervise such absentee voting but may designate the deputy registrar of voters or an assistant registrar of voters, appointed by the registrar pursuant to section 9-192, to supervise the absentee voting in his place.
- (l) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, [if a town clerk receives twenty or more absentee ballot applications from the same street address in a town, including, but not limited to, an apartment building or complex, absentee ballots voted by the electors submitting such applications may, at the discretion of the registrars of voters of such town, be voted under the supervision of such registrars of voters or their designees in accordance with the same procedures set forth in this section for supervised absentee voting at institutions.] the Secretary of the State may suspend the supervision of absentee balloting under this section and section 9-159r, provided the Secretary (1) suspends such supervision of absentee balloting in recognition of a declaration by the Governor of a civil preparedness emergency, pursuant to section 28-9, or a public health emergency, pursuant to section 19a-131, and (2) submits a report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to elections advising of such suspension and specifying alternative actions to be taken to provide opportunities for absentee voting by electors described in this section and section 9-159r.
- Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) As used in this section, "plan of districting" means the plan adopted or determined pursuant to Article XXVI or Article XXX, as applicable, of the Amendments to the

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Constitution of Connecticut. Upon the completion by the registrars of voters in each municipality of the implementation of the plan of districting, the Secretary of the State shall review such implementation to ensure that such plan has been properly implemented and interpreted. In the case of any error in the implementation of such plan in a municipality, the Secretary shall notify the registrars of voters of such municipality of such error and require that such registrars of voters undertake measures to correct such error. Such registrars of voters shall immediately correct such error and certify in writing to the Secretary when such error has been corrected.

Sec. 14. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) In the case of an elector unable to appear at such elector's polling place because of a visual impairment, the Secretary of the State shall electronically provide to such elector an absentee ballot in a format capable of being read by a computer-related device and printed. Each such ballot signed by such elector, returned to the municipal clerk in accordance with section 9-140b of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and that otherwise satisfies all requirements for returned absentee ballots shall be counted.

Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 9-164 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January* 1, 2023):

(a) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, there shall be held in each municipality, biennially, a municipal election [on the first Monday of May or the Tuesday after the first Monday of November, of the odd-numbered years, whichever date the legislative body of such municipality determines, provided, if no action is taken by the legislative body to so designate the date of such election, such election shall be held] on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November of the odd-numbered years. In any municipality where the term of any elected official would expire prior to the next regular election held under the provisions of this section, the term of such official shall be extended to the date of such election.

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Sec. 16. Section 9-164a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, in any municipality in which the date of the municipal election has been, or will be, changed to the Tuesday after the first Monday of November of the oddnumbered years under section 9-164, as amended by this act, and in which the terms of office of one or more elected municipal officers had not, or will have not, expired at the time of the holding of the first municipal election in accordance with such changed date under said section, the legislative body of such municipality shall, prior to [July 25, 1969] January 1, 2023, provide for a reasonable method of transition for such offices which may include reasonable extension of such terms and provision for interim terms. Except as provided in sections 9-164b, as amended by this act, 9-164d to 9-164f, inclusive, as amended by this act, 9-187 and 9-187a, as amended by this act, in the absence of such action by such legislative body, the terms of any such officers which do not terminate within three months after such first or a subsequent municipal election held under said section 9-164 shall be extended to the municipal election next held after the expiration of such terms, or to such date, within seventy days after such election, on which the terms of municipal officers generally begin in such municipality, at which election successors shall be elected for the terms provided for by law or for such other transitional terms as are necessary to provide the rotation required by law. The clerk of the municipality, in preparing the list provided for under section 9-254, shall set forth such terms or transitional terms therein.

Sec. 17. Section 9-164b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

As to any board or commission with a rotating membership, some of the members of which, prior to the change to a uniform municipal election date to the Tuesday after the first Monday of November of the odd-numbered years under section 9-164, as amended by this act, were elected for terms beginning approximately one year after the date of

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their election, the legislative body may provide for such conforming changes in the beginning date of the terms of office as are designed to continue the rotation with regard to such office as it existed prior to such change, and in the absence of such action by such legislative body, the beginning date of the terms of such office shall be so changed by the clerk of the municipality in preparing the list provided for under section 9-254. With respect to any board or commission with a rotating membership established under sections 8-1, 8-4a, 8-5 and 8-19, the authority empowered to prescribe the term of office of the members of such board or commission, if it is authorized under said sections to provide for an odd-numbered year term, may further provide for deferred terms by prescribing which terms are to begin approximately one year from the date on which the terms of municipal officers generally begin in such municipality.

Sec. 18. Section 9-187a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2023*):

(a) (1) Except as provided in sections 9-164a, as amended by this act, 9-164b, as amended by this act, 9-164d to 9-164f, inclusive, as amended by this act, and subdivision (2) of this subsection, (A) the term of each [elected] municipal official elected at a municipal election, other than town clerk and treasurer, shall begin [within seventy days after the municipal election at which such official is elected, on the day within such period prescribed by special act or charter provision, or, in the absence of such special act or charter provision, on the day within such period as is prescribed by action of the legislative body of such municipality, provided (1) in each municipality which holds its municipal election on the first Monday of May in the odd-numbered years, in the absence of such special act or charter provision, or action of the legislative body, such terms shall begin on the first day of July following the municipal election at which such official is elected, and (2) in each municipality which holds its municipal election on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November in the odd-numbered years, with the exception of the term of the town clerk, in the absence of such special act, or charter provision, or action of the legislative body, such term shall

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begin on the second Tuesday next] (i) December first next following the 576 577 day of [the municipal election at which such official is elected,] such 578 municipal election, or (ii) such other day as may be prescribed by special act for a municipal election held on the Tuesday after the first Monday 579 580 of November of the odd-numbered years, and [(3) in each municipality which holds its municipal election on the Tuesday after the first Monday 581 582 in November in the odd-numbered years, [(B)) the term of the town clerk [shall be two years from] or the treasurer, as applicable, elected at a 583 584 municipal election shall begin on the first Monday of January next 585 [succeeding his election, unless otherwise provided by charter or special 586 act] following the day of such municipal election. Whenever the 587 beginning date of the terms of elected municipal officials is so determined or changed, within the limits hereinabove specified, the 588 589 authority providing therefor may provide for the conforming 590 diminution or extension of terms of incumbents.

(2) The legislative body of a municipality may provide for a deferred beginning date, not to exceed one year from the applicable date set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, of the term of any office to be elected at a municipal election.

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- (b) In the case of a special election to fill a vacancy in an elected municipal office, which special election is combined with a regular election pursuant to subsection (b) of section 9-164, the person elected to fill such vacancy shall begin to serve the unexpired portion of his or her predecessor's term on the applicable date provided in subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 19. Section 9-189a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2023*):

Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 9-189 and 9-190a, any town or municipality may, by charter or ordinance, provide that the treasurer or the town clerk of [said] <u>such</u> town or municipality, or the registrars of voters of [said] <u>such</u> town, or any of such officers, shall, at the next [succeeding] <u>following</u> regular election for such office and

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608 thereafter, be elected for a term of four years. In such event, such four-609 year term shall begin on the first Monday of January [succeeding] next 610 following an election for treasurer or town clerk, [except as provided in 611 section 9-187a, and from and on the Wednesday following the first 612 Monday of January succeeding an election for registrars of voters. [, 613 provided, if any such town or municipality holds its town or municipal 614 election on the first Monday of May of the odd-numbered years, the 615 term of such treasurer or town clerk shall begin on the first day of July 616 following the election, except as provided in section 9-187a.]

Sec. 20. Subsection (a) of section 9-32 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January* 1, 2023):

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- (a) In each municipality the registrars, between January first and May first, annually, shall cause either (1) a complete house to house canvass to be made in person of each residence on each street, avenue or road within such municipality, (2) a complete canvass to be made by mail of each residence located on each street, avenue or road within such municipality, provided, upon agreement of both registrars, the National Change of Address System of the United States Postal Service may be used instead of such mailing, (3) a complete canvass to be made by telephone of each residence located on each street, avenue or road within such municipality, or (4) a complete canvass of each residence within such municipality by any combination of such methods, for the purpose of ascertaining the name of any elector formerly residing on such street, avenue or road who has removed therefrom. [; provided in the odd-numbered years, no canvass need be conducted by the registrars in a town which holds its regular municipal election on the first Monday of May in odd-numbered years.] The Secretary of the State shall adopt regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 setting forth the procedure to be followed in conducting any such canvass by either mail or telephone.
- Sec. 21. Section 9-164e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2023*):

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- Before any action is taken under sections 9-164a, as amended by this act, 9-164b to 9-164f, inclusive, as amended by this act, 9-187 and 9-187a, as amended by this act, such proposed action shall be submitted by the legislative body to the municipal attorney of the municipality taking such action for approval as to conforming to law.
- Sec. 22. Section 9-164f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2023*):
- Nothing in sections 9-164a, [to] <u>as amended by this act, 9-164b, as</u>
 amended by this act, 9-164d, 9-164e, <u>as amended by this act,</u> [inclusive,]
 9-187 and 9-187a, <u>as amended by this act,</u> shall affect the election of registrars of voters.
- Sec. 23. Subsection (b) of section 9-211 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (b) The Governor shall cause writs of election issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to be (1) conveyed to a state marshal, who shall forthwith transmit an attested copy thereof to such clerks or assistant clerks, or (2) delivered electronically to such clerks or assistant clerks. Such clerks or assistant clerks, on receiving such writs, shall warn elections to be held on the day appointed therein in the same manner as state elections are warned, which elections shall be organized and conducted as are state elections, and the vote shall be declared, certified, directed, deposited, returned and transmitted in the same manner as at a state election.
- Sec. 24. Subsection (b) of section 9-212 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) The Governor shall cause writs of election issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to be (1) conveyed to a state marshal, who shall forthwith transmit an attested copy thereof to such clerks or assistant clerks, or (2) delivered electronically to such clerks or assistant

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clerks. Such clerks or assistant clerks, on receiving such writs, shall warn elections to be held on the day appointed therein in the same manner as state elections are warned, which elections shall be organized and conducted as are state elections, and the vote shall be declared, certified, directed, deposited, returned and transmitted in the same manner as at a state election.

Sec. 25. Subsection (b) of section 9-215 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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(b) When any such vacancy occurs, except as provided in this section, the Governor shall, within ten days after its occurrence, issue writs of election, directed to the town clerks or assistant town clerks in the several towns in the district in which the vacancy exists, ordering an election to be held therein on the forty-sixth day after the issue of such writs to fill such vacancy, and cause them to be (1) conveyed to such town clerks or assistant town clerks, [. No such election shall be held on a Saturday or Sunday or (2) delivered electronically or by any other means the Governor deems necessary to ensure such writs are received by such town clerks or assistant town clerks on the day such writs are issued, provided no such election shall be held on a Saturday or Sunday. If such a vacancy occurs between the one hundred twenty-fifth day and the forty-ninth day before the day of a regular state or municipal election in November of any year, the Governor shall so issue such writs on the forty-sixth day before the day of such regular election, ordering an election to be held on the day of such regular election. If such a vacancy occurs after the forty-ninth day before the day of a regular state election but before the Wednesday following the first Monday of January of the next-succeeding year, the Governor shall not issue such writs and no election shall be held under this section, unless the position vacated is that of member-elect, in which case the Governor shall issue such writs and an election shall be held as provided in this section.

Sec. 26. Section 9-218 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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When there is no election of probate judge in any district by reason of two or more having an equal and the highest number of votes, or when a new probate district is created and no provision made for the election of a judge thereof, or whenever it is shown to the Governor that a vacancy is about to exist in said office by reason of the resignation of the incumbent to take effect at a future time or by reason of constitutional limitation, or when there is a vacancy in said office, the Governor may issue writs of election directed to the town clerk or clerks or assistant town clerk or clerks within such district [,] ordering an election to be held on a day named therein, other than a Saturday or Sunday, to fill such vacancy or impending vacancy, and (1) transmit the same to a state marshal [. Such state marshal] who shall forthwith transmit them to such clerk or clerks, [who] or (2) deliver electronically the same to such clerk or clerks. Such clerk or clerks, on receiving the same, shall warn elections to be held on the day appointed in such writs, in the same manner as state elections are warned. Such elections shall be organized and conducted, and the vote shall be declared and returns made, certified, directed, deposited and transmitted, in the same manner as at a state election. The Secretary of the State, Treasurer and Comptroller shall, within thirty days after any such election, count and declare the votes so returned, and notice shall be given to the person declared elected, in the same manner as is provided in the election of probate judges at state elections. The Secretary of the State shall enter the returns in tabular form in books kept by [him] the Secretary for that purpose and present a copy of the same, with the name of, and the total number of votes received by, each of the candidates for said office, to the Governor within ten days thereafter. The Probate Court Administrator shall cite a probate judge to act as a judge in the district during any vacancy in said office in accordance with section 45a-120.

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Sec. 27. Section 9-164c of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective January 1, 2023*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

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Section 1	July 1 2021	0.140b(a)
	July 1, 2021	9-140b(c)
Sec. 2	from passage	9-453e
Sec. 3	from passage	9-453j
Sec. 4	from passage	9-453k(a)
Sec. 5	from passage	9-453o(a)
Sec. 6	from passage	9-404b(d)
Sec. 7	from passage	9-410(c)
Sec. 8	from passage	9-450
Sec. 9	from passage	9-212(a)
Sec. 10	from passage	New section
Sec. 11	from passage	9-320f(a)
Sec. 12	from passage	9-159q
Sec. 13	from passage	New section
Sec. 14	from passage	New section
Sec. 15	January 1, 2023	9-164(a)
Sec. 16	from passage	9-164a
Sec. 17	from passage	9-164b
Sec. 18	January 1, 2023	9-187a
Sec. 19	January 1, 2023	9-189a
Sec. 20	January 1, 2023	9-32(a)
Sec. 21	January 1, 2023	9-164e
Sec. 22	January 1, 2023	9-164f
Sec. 23	from passage	9-211(b)
Sec. 24	from passage	9-212(b)
Sec. 25	from passage	9-215(b)
Sec. 26	from passage	9-218
Sec. 27	January 1, 2023	Repealer section

Statement of Purpose:

To (1) make permanent the use of absentee ballot drop boxes initially used during the 2020 election cycle, (2) bring certain state laws relating to the circulation of nominating and primary petitions into compliance with federal case law, (3) in the case of nominations for judges of probate and members of Congress, reduce the time by which a person other than a party-endorsed candidate can file a candidacy for nomination in order for a primary to be held, (4) require the Secretary of the State to develop a system through which election-related forms can be signed electronically, (5) include absentee ballot central counting locations in post-election audits of voting districts, (6) allow the Secretary to suspend supervised absentee voting during certain emergencies, (7) require the Secretary to review local election officials' implementation

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of redistricting plans, (8) require the Secretary to provide accessible absentee ballots to certain visually impaired electors, (9) require all municipal elections to be held in November, and (10) allow the Governor to issue writs of election electronically.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

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